



UNITED  
ORTHOPEDIC®

# Conformity™ Stem

Femoral Hip System

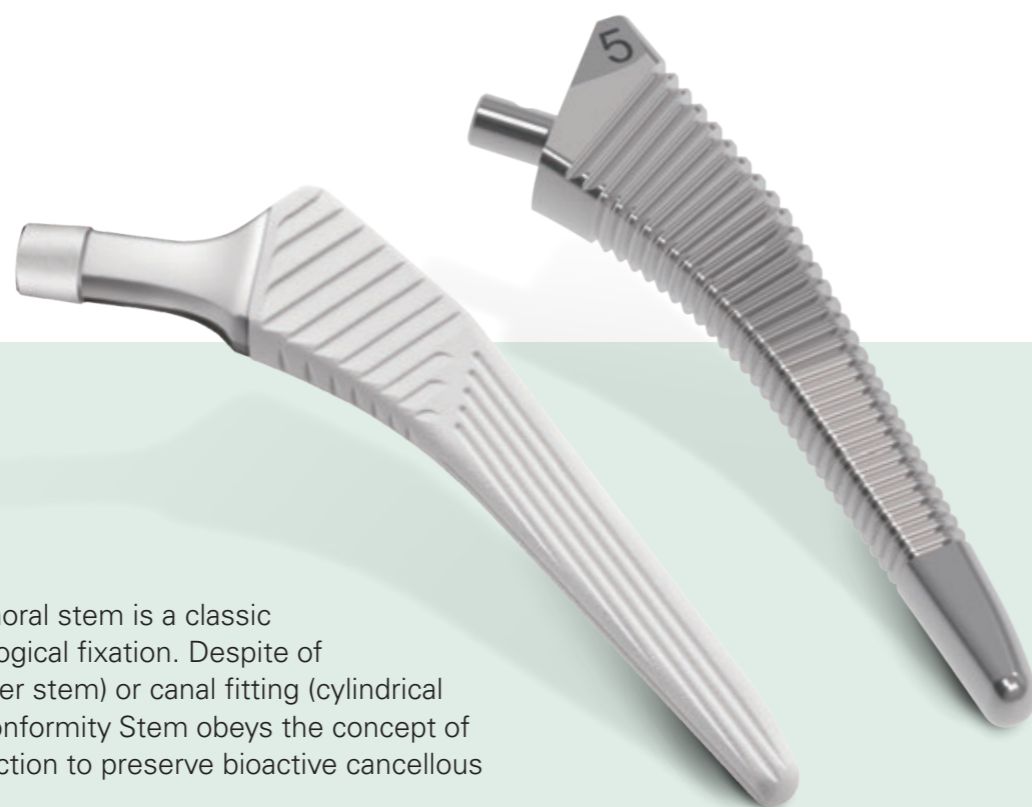


### **Conformity Stem –**

The Conformity Stem platform provides a comprehensive stem solution to hip arthroplasty surgery. Following the classic concept of a fully-hydroxyapatite (HA) coating on the stem, multiple neck options, collared and collarless features, cementless and cemented options are available for surgeons to offer various solutions for clinical situations and to provide the implant that best meets the patient's needs. Optimized dimensional parameters are applied to the stem design to maximize the biomechanical advantages and facilitate minimal invasive surgery.

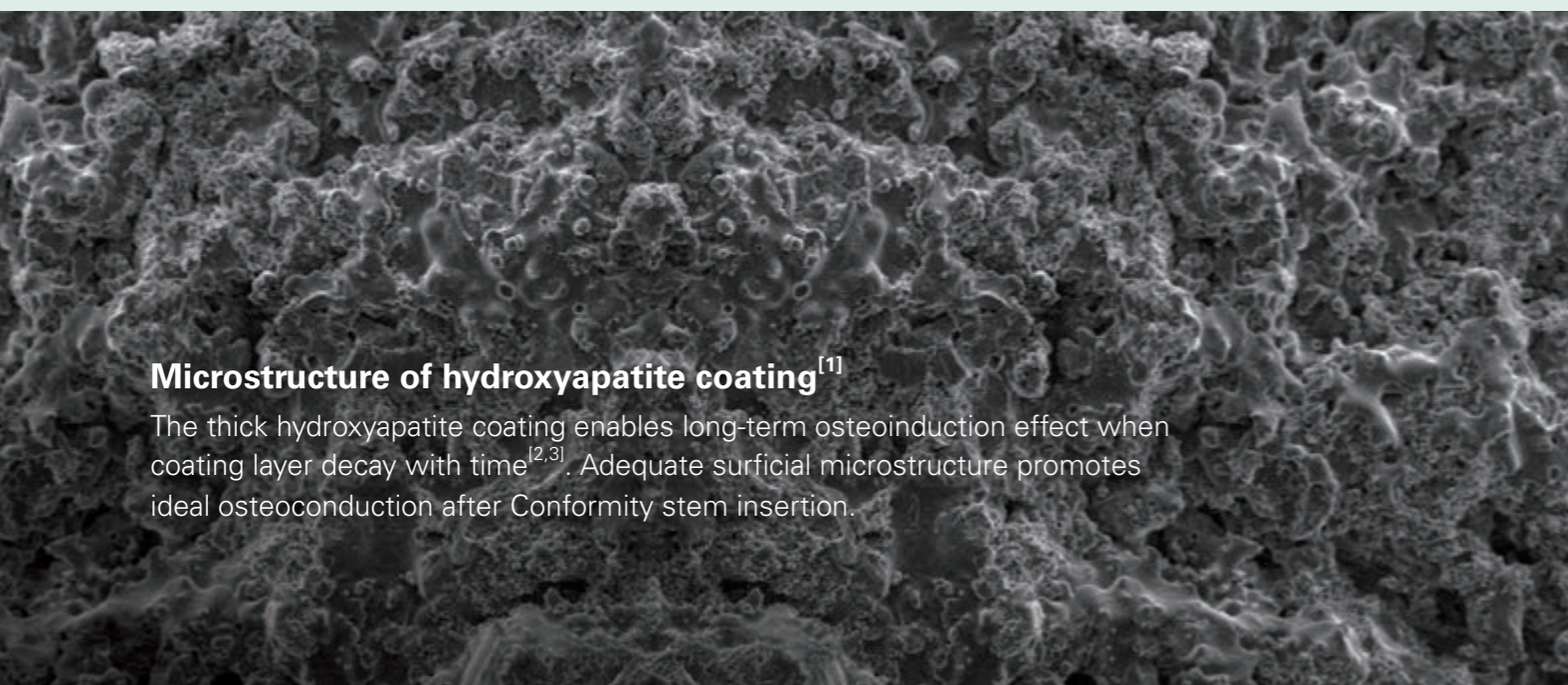


# The Philosophy of Cancellous Bone Compaction



The fully-HA coated femoral stem is a classic design to maximize biological fixation. Despite of cortex engagement (taper stem) or canal fitting (cylindrical stem) technique, the Conformity Stem obeys the concept of cancellous bone compaction to preserve bioactive cancellous bone layer.

The design of broaching rasp is the key to preservation of cancellous bone. The broaching rasp of the Conformity Stem follows the cancellous bone compaction concept with blunt, rib-type teeth which minimize cancellous bone extraction during femoral canal preparation.



## Microstructure of hydroxyapatite coating<sup>[1]</sup>

The thick hydroxyapatite coating enables long-term osteoinduction effect when coating layer decay with time<sup>[2,3]</sup>. Adequate surficial microstructure promotes ideal osteoconduction after Conformity stem insertion.

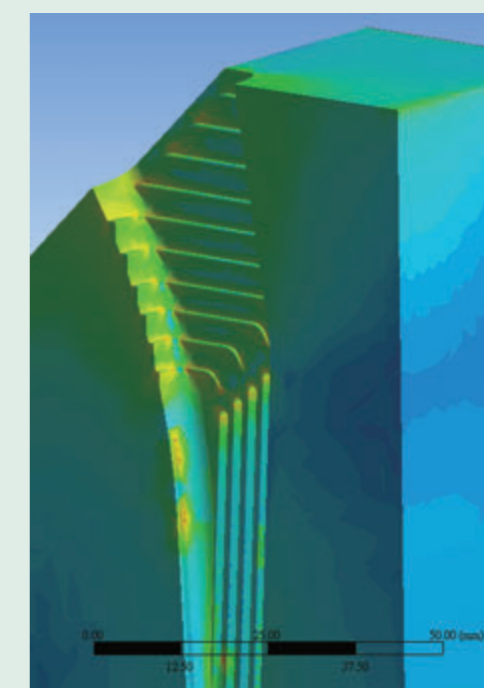
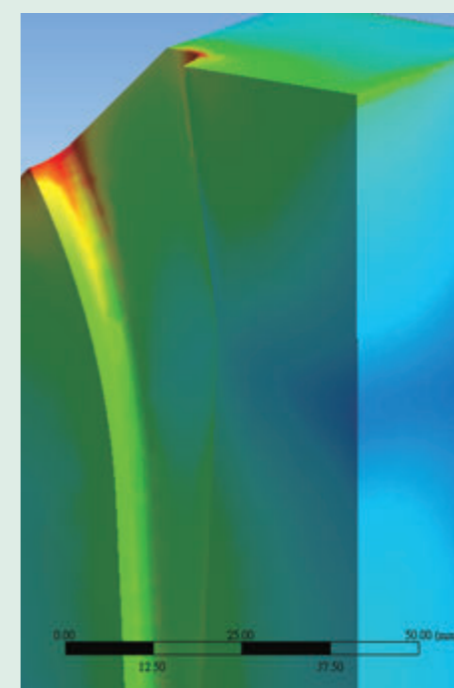
The converted compressive stress can also play an important role, the mechanical stimulants, for bone remodeling<sup>[4]</sup>.

An ideal biomechanical environment with sufficient osteointegration by the hydroxyapatite coating on the Conformity Stem are important factors for obtaining an efficient and stable femoral stem implantation.



## Structural Stability and Biomechanical Advantage

The medial step and horizontal grooves on the anterior-posterior proximal region of the Conformity Stem enable axial support against compressive load from the femoral head. By engaging the host bone with medial steps, the Conformity Stem is designed to reduce the possible hoop stress on peripheral bony structures to minimize the risk of femoral fracture during stem impaction.



Axial stability: the von Mises stress on bony structure comparison between press-fit and step support techniques<sup>[5]</sup>.

# Conform to Reality

## Reasonable Offset & Neck Length

Basing on anthropometric studies, the femoral head offset ranges for Conformity Stem series are 36.0~43.5 mm (standard) and 43.0~50.5 mm (high offset / coxa vara). A even greater offset can be adjusted by using femoral head component with larger neck offset values. For smaller sized patients, shorter femoral head offset can be achieved by applying short neck stems (31.0~32.5 mm).

For fulfilling the femoral offset demand in anatomic perspective, reasonable stem length assignment is critical in clinical practice. The ideal definition to neck lengths of Conformity Stem system are :

- Standard : 35.5 mm
- High Offset : 40.5 mm
- Coxa Vara : 37.5 mm
- Short Neck : 28.5 mm

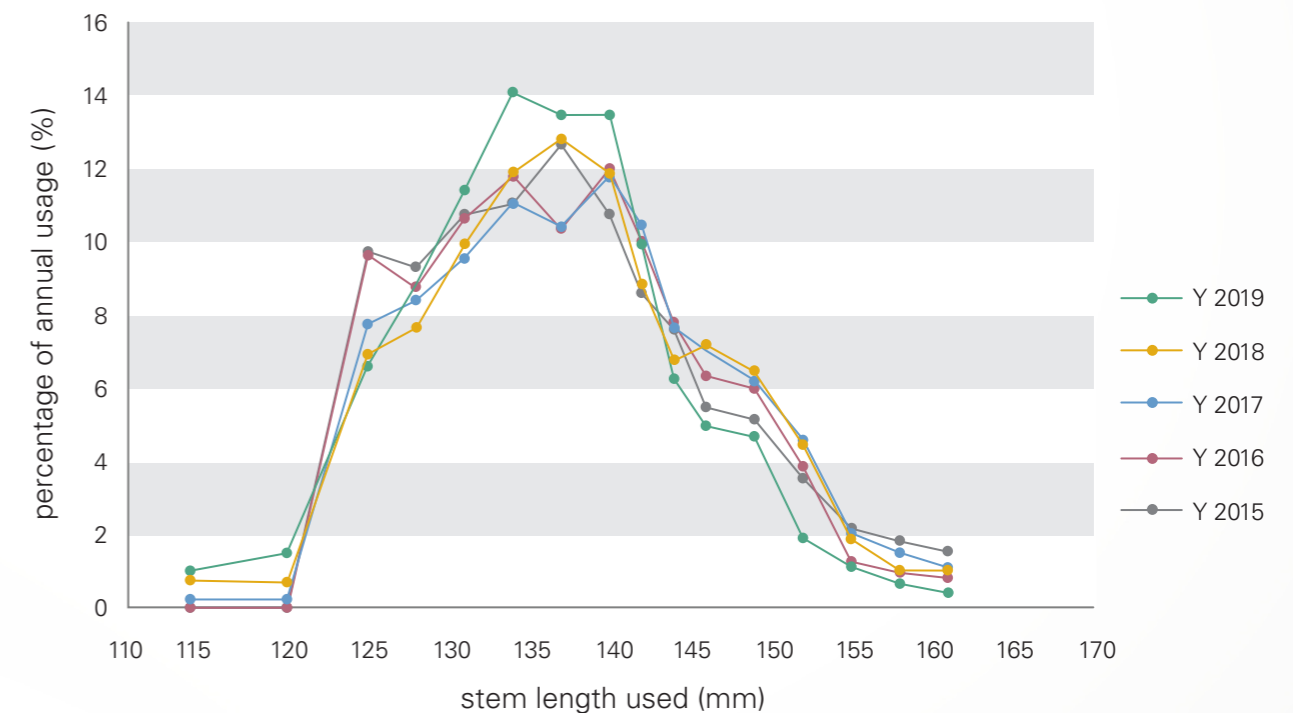
Study	Subject #	Database/Population	Head Offset (mm)	Range (mm)
Carmona et al. (2019) <sup>[6]</sup>	628	SOMA	40.6 / 44.3 (female/male)	-
de Sousa et al. (2010) <sup>[7]</sup>	110	Brazil	42.0 / 42.6 (left/right)	28.5~65.0
Siwach (2018) <sup>[8]</sup>	150	India	38	29~47
Rubin et al. (1992) <sup>[9]</sup>	32	Caucasian	47	33.2~62.8
Noble et al. (1988) <sup>[10]</sup>	200	Caucasian	43	23.6~61
Rawal et al. (2012) <sup>[11]</sup>	98	India	37.4 / 42.83 (female/male)	32~54
Husmann et al. (1997) <sup>[12]</sup>	310	France	40.5	23.4~60.8
<b>Conformity Stem</b>			<b>43.25 (mid of range)</b>	<b>28.9~57.6*</b>

*\*range defined by U2 femoral head offset from -3 to +10 mm*



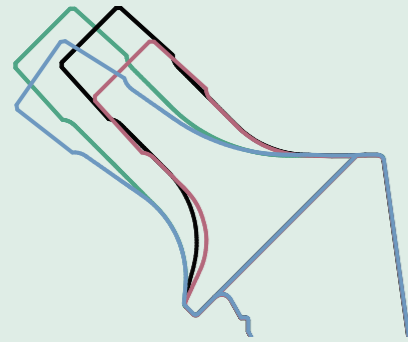
## Evidence-Based Stem Length

Adequate stem length is important for implant stability. However, longer stems are associated with a higher incidence of periprosthetic fracture and thigh pain which may reduce the quality of postoperative outcomes<sup>[13]</sup>.



The successful experience of UTF Reduced Stem of United represents a normal distribution of stem length required in clinical practice<sup>[14]</sup>. The stem lengths assigned in Conformity Stem series (115~160 mm) can fulfill the major anatomical demand from various patients.





**4 Options for Neck Restoration**

- Standard
- High Offset
- Coxa Vara
- Short Neck

**Collared / Collarless Options**

- Allows surgeon preference to meet patient's needs

**Medial Step Feature**

- Designed to reduce hoop stress



**Fully HA Coated Surface**

- The 155 µm HA coating allows for optimal osteointegration

**Distal Vertical Grooves**

- Improved rotational stability

**Proximal Horizontal Grooves**

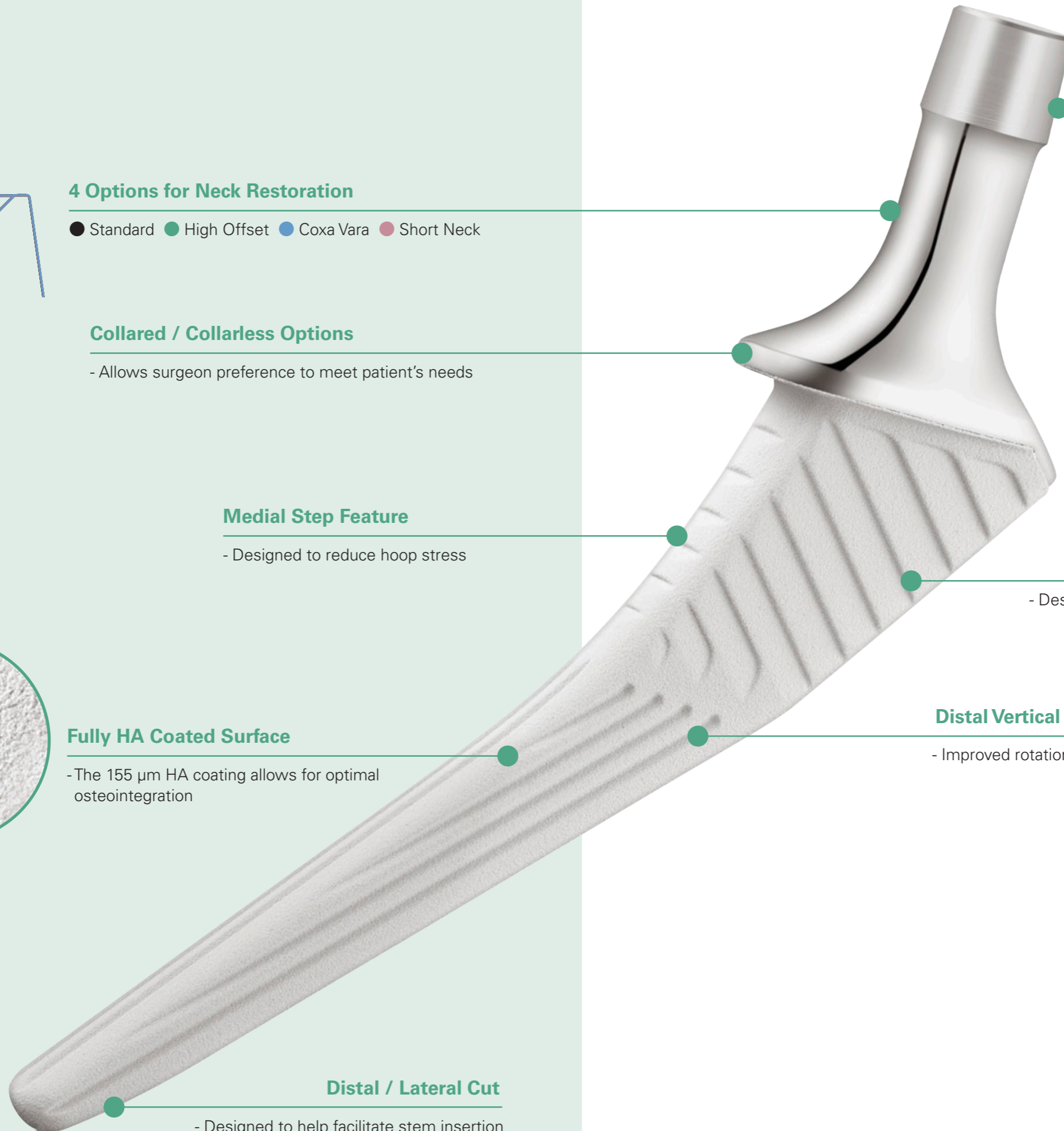
- Designed to help avoid stem subsidence

**12/14 Neck Taper**

- Accommodates a complete selection of femoral heads

**Distal / Lateral Cut**

- Designed to help facilitate stem insertion



# Multiple Options Fulfilling Multiple Demands

**Standard, Collarless**



**High Offset, Collarless**



**Standard, Collared**



**High Offset, Collared**



**Coxa Vara, Collared**



**Short Neck, Collared**



**Standard, Cemented**



**High Offset, Cemented**



Basic stem design with standard and high offset options enable the surgeon to finely adjust the soft tissue tension to achieve joint stability.

The collared hip stem structure provides support at the medial metaphysis to help avoid stem subsidence after insertion<sup>[15,16]</sup>.

Offering solutions for lower neck-shaft angled or smaller sized patients with a shorter femoral neck from an anatomical perspective.

The backup solution when encountering poor bone quality, insufficient stability due to bone loss, or ambiguous canal geometry.

# Order Information

Catalog Number	Description
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### Conformity, Collared

#### Standard



#### High Offset



#### Standard

1110 - 1001	1110 - 1201	# 1
1110 - 1002	1110 - 1202	# 2
1110 - 1003	1110 - 1203	# 3
1110 - 1004	1110 - 1204	# 4
1110 - 1005	1110 - 1205	# 5
1110 - 1006	1110 - 1206	# 6
1110 - 1007	1110 - 1207	# 7
1110 - 1008	1110 - 1208	# 8
1110 - 1009	1110 - 1209	# 9
1110 - 1010	1110 - 1210	# 10
1110 - 1011	1110 - 1211	# 11

#### High Offset

### Conformity, Collarless

#### Standard



#### High Offset



#### Standard

1110 - 3001	1110 - 3201	# 1
1110 - 3002	1110 - 3202	# 2
1110 - 3003	1110 - 3203	# 3
1110 - 3004	1110 - 3204	# 4
1110 - 3005	1110 - 3205	# 5
1110 - 3006	1110 - 3206	# 6
1110 - 3007	1110 - 3207	# 7
1110 - 3008	1110 - 3208	# 8
1110 - 3009	1110 - 3209	# 9
1110 - 3010	1110 - 3210	# 10
1110 - 3011	1110 - 3211	# 11

#### High Offset

### Conformity, Coxa Vara



#### Coxa Vara

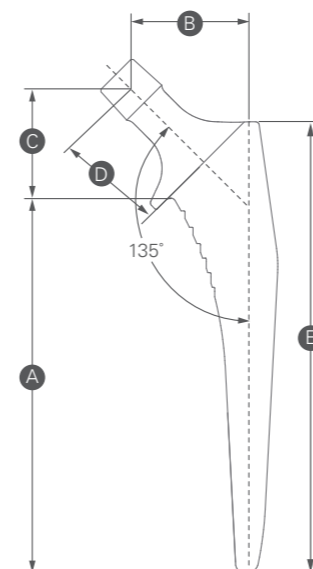
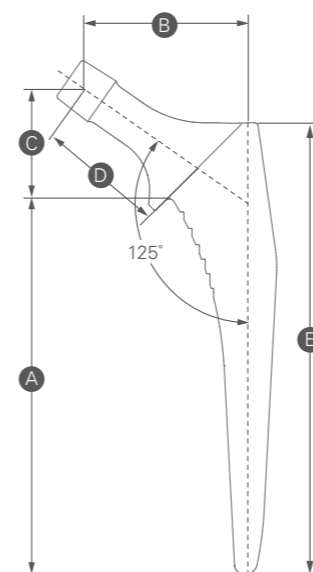
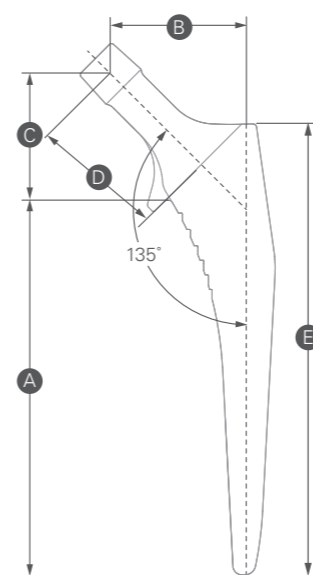
1110 - 5202	# 2
1110 - 5203	# 3
1110 - 5204	# 4
1110 - 5205	# 5
1110 - 5206	# 6
1110 - 5207	# 7
1110 - 5208	# 8
1110 - 5209	# 9
1110 - 5210	# 10
1110 - 5211	# 11

### Conformity, Short Neck



#### Short Neck

1110 - 1401	# 1
1110 - 1402	# 2
1110 - 1403	# 3
1110 - 1404	# 4
1110 - 1405	# 5
1110 - 1406	# 6
1110 - 1407	# 7



### Collared & Collarless

Size	A Medial Length	B Offset		C Vertical Height	D Neck Length		E Lateral Length
		Standard	High Offset		Standard	High Offset	
# 1	95.0	36.0	43.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	115.0
# 2	99.5	36.5	43.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	119.5
# 3	104.0	37.5	44.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	124.0
# 4	108.5	38.0	45.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	128.5
# 5	113.0	39.0	46.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	133.0
# 6	117.5	39.5	46.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	137.5
# 7	122.0	40.0	47.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	142.0
# 8	126.5	41.0	48.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	146.5
# 9	131.0	41.5	48.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	151.0
# 10	135.5	42.5	49.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	155.5
# 11	140.0	43.5	50.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	160.0

Unit : mm

### Coxa Vara

Size	A Medial Length	B Offset	C Vertical Height	D Neck Length	E Lateral Length
# 2	99.5	43.5	29.0	37.5	119.5
# 3	104.0	44.5	29.0	37.5	124.0
# 4	108.5	45.0	29.0	37.5	128.5
# 5	113.0	46.0	29.0	37.5	133.0
# 6	117.5	46.5	29.0	37.5	137.5
# 7	122.0	47.0	29.0	37.5	142.0
# 8	126.5	48.0	29.0	37.5	146.5
# 9	131.0	48.5	29.0	37.5	151.0
# 10	135.5	49.5	29.0	37.5	155.5
# 11	140.0	50.5	29.0	37.5	160.0

Unit : mm

### Short Neck

Size	A Medial Length	B Offset	C Vertical Height	D Neck Length	E Lateral Length
# 1	95.0	31.0	29.0	28.5	115.0
# 2	99.5	31.5	29.0	28.5	119.5
# 3	104.0	32.5	29.0	28.5	124.0
# 4	108.5	33.0	29.0	28.5	128.5
# 5	113.0	34.0	29.0	28.5	133.0
# 6	117.5	34.5	29.0	28.5	137.5
# 7	122.0	35.5	29.0	28.5	142.0

Unit : mm

# Order Information

Catalog Number	Description
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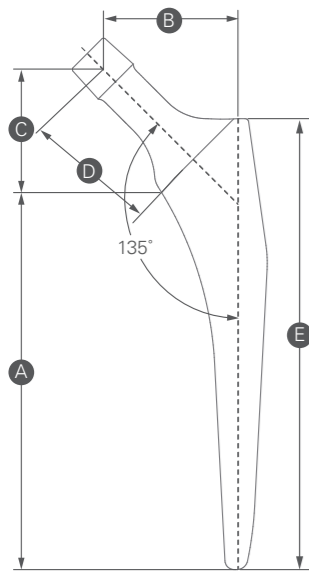
**Conformity, Cemented**  
**Standard**



**High Offset**



Standard	High Offset	
1110 - 7001	1110 - 7201	# 1
1110 - 7002	1110 - 7202	# 2
1110 - 7003	1110 - 7203	# 3
1110 - 7004	1110 - 7204	# 4
1110 - 7005	1110 - 7205	# 5
1110 - 7006	1110 - 7206	# 6
1110 - 7007	1110 - 7207	# 7
1110 - 7008	1110 - 7208	# 8
1110 - 7009	1110 - 7209	# 9
1110 - 7010	1110 - 7210	# 10



Size	A Medial Length	B Offset		C Vertical Height	D Neck Length		E Lateral Length
		Standard	High Offset		Standard	High Offset	
# 1	95.0	36.0	43.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	115.0
# 2	99.5	36.5	43.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	119.5
# 3	104.0	37.5	44.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	124.0
# 4	108.5	38.0	45.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	128.5
# 5	113.0	39.0	46.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	133.0
# 6	117.5	39.5	46.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	137.5
# 7	122.0	40.0	47.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	142.0
# 8	126.5	41.0	48.0	34.0	35.5	40.5	146.5
# 9	131.0	41.5	48.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	151.0
# 10	135.5	42.5	49.5	34.0	35.5	40.5	155.5

Unit : mm

# Order Information

Catalog Number	Size	Canal Size (mm)
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**Cement Restrictor, I-Type**



1907 - 1008	# 8	8 - 9
1907 - 1010	# 10	10 - 11
1907 - 1012	# 12	12 - 13
1907 - 1014	# 14	14 - 15
1907 - 1016	# 16	16 - 17
1907 - 1018	# 18	18 - 19

## Reference

[1] Data held on file. United Orthopedic Corporation

[2] Does hydroxyapatite coating have no advantage over porous coating in primary total hip arthroplasty? A meta-analysis. Chen YL, Lin T, Liu A, Shi MM, Hu B, Shi ZL, Yan SG. *J Orthop Surg Res.* 2015 Jan 28;10:21. doi: 10.1186/s13018-015-0161-4.

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